

JazzCares is committed to **supporting patients throughout their treatment journey**

COMMERCIALLY INSURED PATIENTS



XYWAV Coupon Program

Since the launch of XYWAV, **>99% of eligible commercial patients have paid \$5 per prescription.**^{1,a,b}



XYWAV Quick Start Voucher

Eligible patients who experience a delay in insurance coverage **may receive a free 1-month supply of XYWAV with the Quick Start Voucher.**^a



XYWAV Bridge Program

Patients with a continued or new delay in insurance coverage **may be eligible for up to 4 months of XYWAV for free.**^a

XYWAV PATIENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



Patients who are uninsured or don't have coverage for XYWAV may receive treatment for free.^{c,d}

If a patient is eligible for or in need of the Patient Assistance Program, the Certified Pharmacy can provide guidance about the process.^{c,d}

JazzCares is committed to finding financial assistance programs that fit patients' needs.

VISIT www.jazzcares.com or **CALL** JazzCares at 1-833-533-5299, Monday - Friday, 8 AM - 8 PM ET, for additional support.

^aApplies only to eligible, commercially insured patients enrolled in the XYWAV and XYREM REMS.

^bEligible patients may pay as little as \$5. Subject to annual maximum benefit.

^cSubject to financial and other eligibility criteria. Must be enrolled in the XYWAV and XYREM REMS.

^dThe Patient Assistance Program application is available online at www.jazzcares.com/xywav.

Jazz Pharmaceuticals reserves the right to terminate or modify this program at any time with or without notice. Other terms and conditions apply.

REMS=Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

XYWAV is indicated for the treatment of cataplexy or excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in patients 7 years of age and older with narcolepsy, and for the treatment of idiopathic hypersomnia (IH) in adults.

Important Safety Information

WARNING: CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION and ABUSE AND MISUSE.

• Central Nervous System Depression

XYWAV is a CNS depressant. Clinically significant respiratory depression and obtundation may occur in patients treated with XYWAV at recommended doses. Many patients who received XYWAV during clinical trials in narcolepsy and idiopathic hypersomnia were receiving CNS stimulants.

• Abuse and Misuse

The active moiety of XYWAV is oxybate or gamma-hydroxybutyrate (GHB). Abuse or misuse of illicit GHB, either alone or in combination with other CNS depressants, is associated with CNS adverse reactions, including seizure, respiratory depression, decreases in the level of consciousness, coma, and death.

Because of the risks of CNS depression and abuse and misuse, XYWAV is available only through a restricted program under a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) called the XYWAV and XYREM REMS.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on next page and full Prescribing Information, including BOXED Warning.

Important Safety Information (cont.)

Contraindications

XYWAV is contraindicated in combination with sedative hypnotics or alcohol and in patients with succinic semialdehyde dehydrogenase deficiency

Warnings and Precautions

- **CNS Depression:** Use caution when considering the concurrent use with other CNS depressants. If concurrent use is required, consider dose reduction or discontinuation of one or more CNS depressants (including XYWAV). Consider interrupting XYWAV treatment if short-term opioid use is required. After first initiating treatment and until certain that XYWAV does not affect them adversely, caution patients against hazardous activities requiring complete mental alertness or motor coordination such as operating hazardous machinery, including automobiles or airplanes. Also caution patients against these hazardous activities for at least 6 hours after taking XYWAV. Patients should be queried about CNS depression-related events upon initiation of XYWAV therapy and periodically thereafter.
- **Abuse and Misuse:** XYWAV is a Schedule III controlled substance. The rapid onset of sedation, coupled with the amnesic features of GHB particularly when combined with alcohol, has proven to be dangerous for the voluntary and involuntary user (eg, assault victim).
- **Respiratory Depression and Sleep-Disordered Breathing:** XYWAV may impair respiratory drive, especially in patients with compromised respiratory function. In overdoses of oxybate and with illicit use of GHB, life-threatening respiratory depression has been reported. Increased apnea and reduced oxygenation may occur with XYWAV administration in adult and pediatric patients. A significant increase in the number of central apneas and clinically significant oxygen desaturation may occur in patients with obstructive sleep apnea treated with XYWAV. Prescribers should be aware that sleep-related breathing disorders tend to be more prevalent in obese patients, in men, in postmenopausal women not on hormone replacement therapy, and among patients with narcolepsy.
- **Depression and Suicidality:** In clinical trials in adult patients with narcolepsy and IH, depression and depressed mood were reported in patients treated with XYWAV. In most cases, no change in XYWAV treatment was required. Two suicides and two attempted suicides occurred in adult clinical trials with oxybate (same active moiety as XYWAV). One patient experienced suicidal ideation and two patients reported depression in a pediatric clinical trial with oxybate. **Monitor patients for the emergence of increased depressive symptoms and/or suicidality while taking XYWAV, which require careful and immediate evaluation.**
- **Other Behavioral or Psychiatric Adverse Reactions:** Monitor patients for impaired motor/cognitive function or the emergence of or increase in anxiety and/or confusion. The emergence or increase in the occurrence of behavioral or psychiatric events in patients taking XYWAV should be carefully monitored.
- **Parasomnias:** In clinical trials, parasomnias including sleepwalking were reported in adult patients treated with XYWAV. Parasomnias, including sleepwalking, also have been reported in a pediatric clinical trial with sodium oxybate (same active moiety as XYWAV) and in postmarketing experience with sodium oxybate. Episodes of sleepwalking should be fully evaluated and appropriate interventions considered.

Most Common Adverse Reactions

The most common adverse reactions (occurring in $\geq 5\%$ of XYWAV-treated patients in adult clinical trials in either narcolepsy or IH) were nausea, headache, dizziness, anxiety, insomnia, decreased appetite, hyperhidrosis, vomiting, diarrhea, dry mouth, parasomnia, somnolence, fatigue, and tremor.

In the pediatric clinical trial with XYREM (same active moiety as XYWAV) in patients 7 years of age and older with narcolepsy, the most common adverse reactions ($\geq 5\%$) were nausea (20%), enuresis (19%), vomiting (18%), headache (17%), weight decreased (13%), decreased appetite (9%), dizziness (8%), and sleepwalking (6%). The safety profile in pediatric patients with XYWAV is expected to be similar to that of adult patients treated with XYWAV and to that of pediatric patients treated with XYREM.

Please see the Terms and Conditions at www.jazzcares.com/hcp/xywav.

Please see full Prescribing Information, including **BOXED Warning.**

For more information on XYWAV, visit www.xywavhcp.com.

Reference: 1. Data on File (XYW-2023-020). Palo Alto, CA: Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

XYWAV is a registered trademark of Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Inc.